Punctuate Dialogue

In dialogue, quotation marks set off a speaker's exact words. If the speaker is identified before the dialogue, place a comma after the speaker's verb of speech (for example, **said**). Place periods inside quotation marks.

The tour guide said, "Welcome to the museum."

If the speaker is identified after the dialogue, place a comma inside the final quotation mark.

"I think you will enjoy the exhibits," he said.

If the dialogue itself includes a question mark or an exclamation point, place it inside the final quotation mark and drop the comma.

"Have you seen the new exhibit?" he asked Mariah.

Circle the sentence that has incorrect punctuation. Rewrite the sentence, punctuating the dialogue correctly.

- "Can I borrow a pen?" asked Lily. Anton replied, "You can have this one".
- 2. Mom asked, "What time is it?" "It's after four", I told her.

3. "We won"! Sayeed shouted. "I knew we could do it!" I said.

- Mr. Pool said, "Let's go to the store now." "I'd rather go later", Mrs. Pool said.
- "Are you ready yet"? Lee asked. "I need five more minutes," Jayden said.

Complete Sentences

A complete sentence contains a subject and a verb and expresses a complete thought. A sentence fragment is missing a subject or a verb or both, so it does not express a complete thought.

Fragment: Set behind the hills.

Complete Sentence: The evening sun set behind the hills.

Circle the word or phrase that is missing from the sentence fragment. Then rewrite each complete sentence correctly.

- **1.** The Colorado River.runs through the Grand Canyona national park
- 2. Are nocturnal, which means they are active at night.all bats sleeps during the day
- 3. The Australian koala.

is a fussy eater kangaroos and wombats

4. Earth's tides.

a lunar eclipse are caused by the moon

5. Different kinds of animals.

live in the Arctic many natural resources