Combine Sentences

A simple sentence expresses a complete thought. It contains one subject and one predicate. Two simple sentences may be combined to form a compound sentence. Use a comma and a conjunction such as **and**, **or**, **but**, or **so** to join the sentences.

Simple Sentences: The ball hit the window. The glass shattered.

Compound Sentence: The ball hit the window, and the glass shattered.

Circle the conjunction that best works to combine the two simple sentences. Then write the compound sentence on the line. Be sure to use a comma.

1.	I liked the but	e book. so	I didn't like the movie.
2.	I wanted or	a new bike. so	I started to save my money.
3.	Sheera w and	ent hiking. or	Alisa went with her.

- 4. You can buy one large apple. You can buy two smaller apples.but or
- **5.** It's really hot today. Let's go to the pool. and so

Name_

Date

Punctuate Dialogue

When writing dialogue, place the speaker's words in quotation marks. Place a comma after the speaker's introduction or tag. If the dialogue requires an exclamation point or a question mark, place the punctuation inside the final quotation marks. Place a comma inside the final quotation mark when the speaker's tag follows the speaker's words (do not add a comma if the dialogue ends in a question mark or exclamation point). The first word within the quotation marks should begin with a capital letter.

"I left my backpack on the bus," Tom said.
He added, "I'm so upset!"
"Did anyone see it?" Tom asked.

Rewrite each sentence adding quotation marks and any other necessary punctuation marks.

- 1. My friend said You can ride home with us
- 2. Liza asked When is the next train
- 3. May I speak with Ms. Kris the caller asked
- 4. I plan to rake the leaves today said Dad
- 5. That roller-coaster ride was awesome Maria cried
- 6. The bank clerk asked How may I help you today